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# SSL



**+ HTTPS => + Google Rating (c 01.10.2019)**

SSL (Secure Sockets Layer)



Secure Sockets Layer

It is a standard security technology for establishing encrypted communication between a web server and a browser [<https://www.cloudflare.com/learning/ssl/what-is-ssl/>].



This link ensures that all data passed between the web server and browsers remain private and integral.

Eg. (<https://www.cloudflare.com/learning/ssl/how-does-public-key-encryption-work/>), suppose we take a text message «Hello» and encrypt it with a key \*;

For example "2jd8932kd8". Encrypted with this key, our simple «hello» now is «X5xJCSycg14 =», what looks like random garbage data.

However, having decrypted it with the same key, we get the word “hello” back.

Clear text + key = Encrypted\_text

hello + 2jd8932kd8 = X5xJCSycg14 =

Encrypted\_text - key = plaintext

X5xJCSycg14 - 2jd8932kd8 = hello

Мы принимаем  
банковские карты:



Номер карты:\*

4000001234567899

16-ти значный номер карты без пробелов

Срок действия карты до:\*

01



Месяц

/

2022



Год

Код CVC2:\*

777


3 цифры

Последние 3 цифры кода с  
обратной стороны карты

Оплатить заказ >>



[http://sberbank.com? Number=4000001234567899&  
Date=01/2022& CVC2=777](http://sberbank.com? Number=4000001234567899& Date=01/2022& CVC2=777)

 <https://sberbank.com?>

Number=

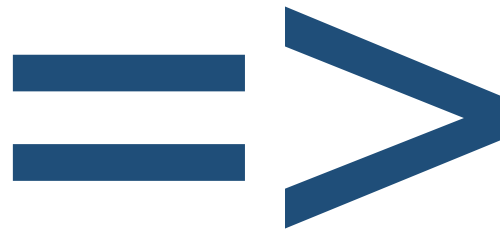
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looks like random garbage data.

+ **authenticity** in each transaction

**Client**

**Server**

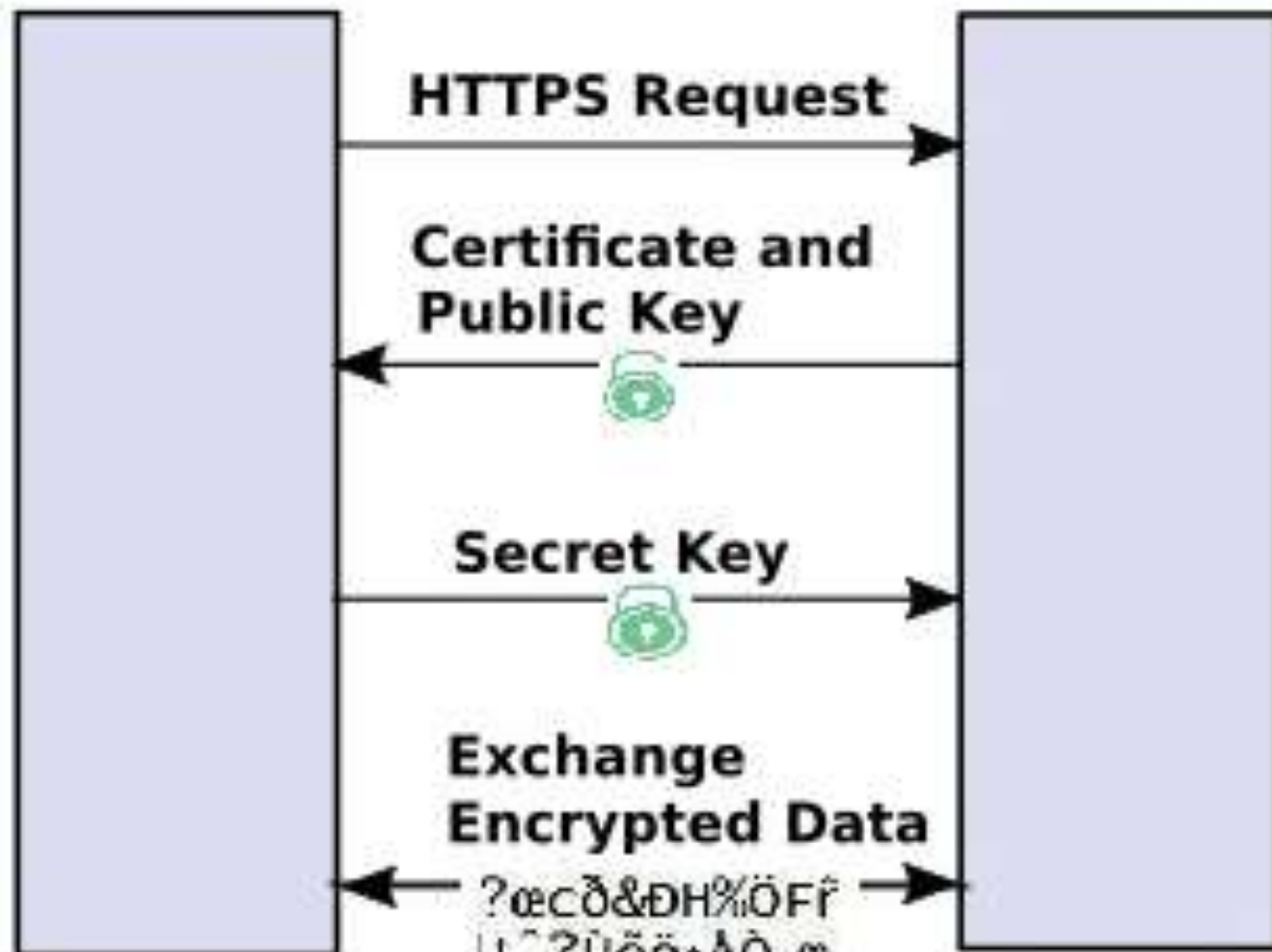
**HTTPS Request**

**Certificate and  
Public Key**

**Secret Key**

**Exchange  
Encrypted Data**

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The browser connects to a web server (website), that is secured with SSL (https).

The browser requests that the server identify itself.



Server sends a copy of its SSL certificate, including the server's public key.



The browser checks the root directory of the certificate in accordance with the list of trusted certificate authorities, and also that the certificate has not expired, it has not been revoked and its common name is valid for the website to which it connects. If the browser trusts the certificate, it creates, encrypts, and sends back the symmetric session key using the server's public key.




The server decrypts the symmetric session key using its private key, and sends back the confirmation, encrypted using the session key, to start the encrypted session.



The server and browser now encrypt all transmitted data using the session key.



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